

COMMUTATIVE ALGEBRA

YOSHIFUMI TSUCHIMOTO

Smoothness

Let us recall the universality of polynomial algebras.

PROPOSITION 8.1. *Let A be a commutative ring. Let B be an A -algebra. That means, we assume that there is given a specific homomorphism (called the structure homomorphism) $\iota : A \rightarrow B$. Then for any family $\{b_\lambda\}_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$ of elements of B , there exists a unique ring homomorphism*

$$\varphi : A[\{X_\lambda\}_{\lambda \in \Lambda}] \rightarrow B$$

such that $\varphi|_A = \iota$ and $\varphi(X_\lambda) = b_\lambda$ for all $\lambda \in \Lambda$.

As a corollary, we see:

PROPOSITION 8.2. *Let A be a commutative ring. Then any polynomial algebra $A[\{X_\lambda\}_{\lambda \in \Lambda}]$ is 0-smooth over A .*

LEMMA 8.3. *Let A be a ring. Let B be an A -algebra. Let I be a finitely generated ideal of B . Let us denote by $\hat{B} = \varprojlim (B/I^n)$ (respectively, \hat{I}) the completion of B (respectively, I) with respect to the I -adic topology. Then B is I -smooth over A if and only if \hat{B} is \hat{I} -smooth over A .*

PROOF. $B/I^n \cong \hat{B}/\hat{I}^n$ for any n . □

COROLLARY 8.4. *Let A be a ring. Then $A[[X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n]]$ is I -smooth over A for $I = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i A[[X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n]]$.*

Note. In general, $A[[X]]$ is not 0-smooth over A . See [1] and the literatures cited there.

THEOREM 8.5. *Let A be a ring. Let B be an A -algebra with an ideal I . If B/I is 0-smooth over A , then the sequence (which appears in Lemma 04.2)*

$$0 \rightarrow I/I^2 \rightarrow \Omega_{B/A}^1 \otimes (B/I) \rightarrow \Omega_{B/I}^1 \rightarrow 0$$

is split exact.

The following theorem says that the converse is true if the ring B is 0-smooth.

THEOREM 8.6. *Let A be a ring. Let B be an A -algebra with an ideal I . Assume B is 0-smooth over A . If the exact sequence*

$$0 \rightarrow I/I^2 \rightarrow \Omega_{B/A}^1 \otimes (B/I) \rightarrow \Omega_{B/I}^1 \rightarrow 0$$

is split exact, then B/I is 0-smooth over A .

REFERENCES

- [1] H. Matsumura, *Commutative ring theory*, Cambridge university press, 1986.