

ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY AND RING THEORY

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Note that a sequence

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \rightarrow 0$$

of sheaves of abelian groups is exact if and only if it is exact stalkwise.

PROPOSITION 9.1. *Let*

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \rightarrow 0$$

be an exact sequence of sheaves of abelian groups on a topological space X . Then:

- (1) *For any open subset U of X , the corresponding sequence*

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(U) \rightarrow \mathcal{B}(U) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(U)$$

of sections is exact.

- (2)

$$\mathcal{B}(U) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(U)$$

may not be surjective in general.

In a language of category theory, the global section function

$$\Gamma(U, \bullet) : (\text{Sheaf of abelian groups on } X) \rightarrow (\text{Ab})$$

is a left exact functor. (But not exact.) To treat it, we employ derived functors.

LEMMA 9.2. (1) *For any ring A , if an A -module I is injective, then the associated sheaf \tilde{I} on $\text{Spec } A$ is injective.*

- (2) *The category (A -modules) has enough injectives.*

- (3) *For any scheme X with an affine open covering $X = \sum_j U_j$, for any \mathcal{O}_X -quasi coherent sheaf \mathcal{F} on X , we have:*

$$\mathcal{F} \text{ injective} \iff \mathcal{F}_{U_j} \text{ injective for any } j.$$

DEFINITION 9.3.

$$H^i(X, \mathcal{F}) = R^i\Gamma(X, \mathcal{F})$$

THEOREM 9.4 (Serre). *For any affine scheme $X = \text{Spec}(A)$ and for any quasi coherent \mathcal{O}_X -module \mathcal{F} on X , we have*

$$H^i(X, \mathcal{F}) = 0 \quad (\text{for } \forall i > 0)$$

PROPOSITION 9.5. *Let X be a scheme with an affine open covering $\mathfrak{U} = \{U_j\}$. Then for any quasi coherent \mathcal{O}_X -module \mathcal{F} on X , The cohomology $H^i(X, \mathcal{F})$ may be computed by using the Čech cohomology with respect to \mathfrak{U} .*